



FastenMaster LedgerLOK[™] Ledger Board Fasteners for Use in Deck Ledger Applications

TER No. 1203-03

OMG, Inc.

d/b/a/ FastenMaster

Issue Date: March 30, 2012 Updated: June 1, 2018 Subject to Renewal: July 1, 2019

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DIVISION: 06 00 00 – WOOD, PLASTICS, AND COMPOSITES Section: 06 05 23 – Wood, Plastic, and Composite Fastenings

Section: 06 11 00 – Wood Framing Section: 06 15 00 – Wood Decking

1. Products Evaluated:

- 1.1. LedgerLOK™ Ledger Board Fastener
- **1.2.** ¹/₂" galvanized lag screw for comparative, equivalency and code compliance purposes¹.
- 1.3. For the most recent version of this Technical Evaluation Report (TER), visit <u>drjengineering.org</u>. For more detailed state professional engineering and code compliance legal requirements and references, visit <u>drjengineering.org/statelaw</u>. DrJ is fully compliant with all state professional engineering and code compliance laws.
- 1.4. This TER can be used to obtain product approval in any country that is an IAF MLA Signatory (all countries found here) and covered by an IAF MLA Evaluation per the Purpose of the MLA (as an example, see letter to ANSI from the Standards Council of Canada). Manufacturers can go to jurisdictions in the U.S., Canada and other IAF MLA Signatory Countries and have their products readily approved by authorities having jurisdiction using DrJ's ANSI accreditation.
- 1.5. Building code regulations require that evaluation reports are provided by an approved agency meeting specific requirements, such as those found in <u>IBC Section 1703</u>. Any agency accredited in accordance with

¹ See <u>IRC Section R104.11</u> and <u>IBC Section 104.11</u>.

DrJ is a Professional Engineering Approved Source

D Learn more about DrJ's Accreditation

- DrJ is an ISO/IEC 17065 accredited product certification body through ANSI Accreditation Services.
- DrJ provides certified evaluations that are signed and sealed by a P.E.
- DrJ's work is backed up by professional liability insurance.
- DrJ is fully compliant with IBC Section 1703.

- ANSI ISO/IEC 17065 meets this requirement within ANSI's scope of accreditation. For a list of accredited agencies, visit ANSI's website. For more information, see dricertification.org.
- **1.6.** Requiring an evaluation report from a specific private company (i.e. ICC-ES, IAPMO, CCMC, DrJ, etc.) can be viewed as discriminatory and is a violation of international, federal, state, provincial and local anti-trust and free trade regulations.
- **1.7.** DrJ's code compliance work:
 - **1.7.1.** Conforms to code language adopted into law by individual states and any relevant consensus based standard such as an ANSI or ASTM standard.
 - **1.7.2.** Complies with accepted engineering practice, all professional engineering laws and by providing an engineer's seal DrJ takes professional responsibility for its specified scope of work.

2. Applicable Codes and Standards:2

- **2.1.** 2000, 2003, 2006, 2009, 2012, 2015 and 2018 International Residential Code (IRC)
- 2.2. 2000, 2003, 2006, 2009, 2012, 2015 and 2018 International Building Code (IBC)
- **2.3.** ASTM A510 Standard Specification for General Requirements for Wire Rods and Coarse Round Wire, Carbon Steel, and Alloy Steel
- 2.4. ASTM A153 Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel
- 2.5. ASTM F1575 Standard Test Method for Determining Bending Yield Moment of Nails
- 2.6. AWC/NDS-2018 American Wood Council National Design Specification (NDS) for Wood Construction

3. Performance Evaluation:

- **3.1.** LedgerLOK[™] Ledger Board Fasteners were evaluated to determine their ability to provide code complying attachment of deck ledger boards to the building structure.
- **3.2.** For conventionally framed buildings, the ledger is required to be attached to the band joist³ in accordance with IRC Section R507.9 or IRC Table R507.9.1.3(1) is included for reference.

	JOIST SPAN								
CONNECTION DETAILS	6' and less	6'1" to 8'	8'1" to 10'	10'1" to 12'	12'1" to 14'	14'1" to 16'	16'1" to 18'		
	On-center spacing of fasteners								
¹ / ₂ -inch diameter lag screw with ¹ / ₂ -inch maximum sheathing ^{c, d}	30	23	18	15	13	11	10		
$^{1}/_{2}$ -inch diameter bolt with $^{1}/_{2}$ -inch maximum sheathing ^d	36	36	34	29	24	21	19		
1/2-inch diameter bolt with 1-inch maximum sheathing ^e	36	36	29	24	21	18	16		

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa

- a. Ledgers shall be flashed in accordance with Section R703.4 to prevent water from contacting the house band joist.
- b. Snow load shall not be assumed to act concurrently with live load
- c. The tip of the lag screw shall fully extend beyond the inside face of the band joist.
- d. Sheathing shall be wood structural panel or solid sawn lumber.
- e. Sheathing shall be permitted to be wood structural panel, gypsum board, fiberboard, lumber or foam sheathing. Up to ½-inch thickness of stacked washers shall be permitted to substitute for up to ½ inch of allowable sheathing thickness where combined with wood structural panel or lumber sheathing.

TABLE R507.9.1.3(1):

DECK LEDGER CONNECTION TO BAND JOISTa, b (Deck live load = 40 psf, deck dead load = 10 psf, snow load ≤ 40 psf)

TER No. 1203-03 FastenMaster LedgerLOK™ Ledger Board Fasteners

² Unless otherwise noted, all references in this code compliant research report (TER) are from the 2018 version of the codes and the standards referenced therein, including, but not limited to, ASCE 7, SDPWS and WFCM. This product also complies with the 2000-2015 versions of the IBC and IRC and the standards referenced therein. As required by law, where this research report is not approved, the building official shall respond in writing, stating the reasons this research report was not approved. For variations in state and local codes, if any, see Section 8.

³ The term "band joist" is used throughout this report. Other regionally used terms that are synonymous with band joist include: rim board, band board, header board and header joist.

^{4 2009} IRC Section R502.2.2, 2015 IRC Section R507.2

- **3.2.1.** Where a band joist is not used, as in some truss installations, an engineered design is required. See Appendix A for additional code requirements for ledger attachments.
- **3.3.** Ultimate connection capacities and deflections of typical ledger board connections were match tested and evaluated pursuant to the provisions of the *IRC* and *IBC*. See <u>Appendix B</u> for a description of testing methods.
- **3.4.** Any code compliance issues not specifically addressed in this section are outside the scope of this evaluation.

4. Product Description and Materials:

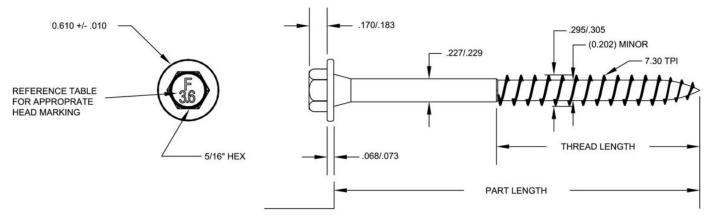


Figure 1: LedgerLOK™ Ledger Board Fasteners (in.)

- **4.1.** LedgerLOK[™] fasteners are manufactured with carbon steel grade 1022 or 10B21 wire conforming to *ASTM A510* with a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 60 ksi.
- **4.2.** LedgerLOK[™] fasteners are manufactured using a standard cold-formed process followed by a heat-treating process. Allowable bending yield and critical dimensions are found in <u>Figure 1</u> and <u>Table 1</u>.
 - **4.2.1.** LedgerLOK[™] fastener heads are a ⁵/₁₆" hex drive with a built-in oversized washer.
 - **4.2.2.** LedgerLOK[™] fasteners have a gimlet point.
 - **4.2.3.** The following LedgerLOK[™] fasteners were evaluated for this Technical Evaluation Report (TER).

Fastener Name	Fastener Designation	Head Marking	Length ¹ (in.)	Thread Length ² (in.)	Unthreaded Shank Diameter (in.)	Minor Thread (Root) Diameter (in.)	Nominal Bending Yield (psi) ³	
LedgerLOK™	FMLL358	F3.6	35/8"	2"	0.228"	0.202"	200 700	
LedgerLOK™	FMLL005	F5.0	5"	3"	0.220	0.202	200,700	

Measured from the underside of the head to the bottom of the tip.

FastenMaster LedgerLOK™ Ledger Board Fasteners

Table 1: Fastener Designation

- **4.3.** The fasteners have a proprietary galvanized and epoxy coating, which provides corrosion protection that exceeds that provided by code approved hot-dipped galvanized coatings meeting *ASTM A153* (*IBC Section* 2304.10.5⁵ and *IRC Section* 317.3).
 - **4.3.1.** Fasteners are approved for use in exterior conditions and in pressure-treated wood, including ground contact ACQ. The proprietary coating has been tested and found to exceed the corrosion protection provided by code approved hot-dipped galvanized coatings meeting ASTM A153 (<u>IBC Section 2304.10.5</u> and <u>IRC Section 317.3</u>).

- 5

[.] Includes tip; see Figure 1.

^{3.} Determined in accordance with methods specified in ASTM F1575, based on minor thread diameter using a 5% offset of the load displacement curves developed from bending tests.

⁵ 2012 IBC Section 2304.9.5

- **4.4.** Fasteners are approved for use in fire-retardant-treated lumber, provided the conditions set forth by the fire-retardant-treated lumber manufacturer are met, including appropriate strength reductions.
- **4.5.** In-plant quality control procedures, under which the LedgerLOK™ fasteners are manufactured, are audited through an inspection process performed by an approved agency.

5. Applications:

- **5.1.** LedgerLOK[™] Ledger Board Fasteners are designed specifically for attaching the deck ledger to the rim joist of a building in accordance with *IRC* Section R507.9 and *IBC* Section 1604.8.3.
- **5.2.** The *IRC* provides prescriptive fastener spacing for the attachment of a deck ledger to a rim joist with ½"-diameter lag screws or through bolts as shown in *IRC* Table R507.9.1.3(1).
- **5.3.** Table 2 provides the LedgerLOK™ fastener spacing required to provide performance at least equivalent to the lag screws found in *IRC* Table R507.9.1.3(1) in accordance with *IRC* Section R104.11 and Section R507.9, *IBC* Section 104.11 and Section 1604.8.3, and in accordance with generally accepted engineering practice.
 - **5.3.1.** Table 2 provides LedgerLOK[™] fastener spacing for items found in <u>IRC Table R507.9</u>, as well as a wider range of materials commonly used for rim joists.
 - **5.3.1.1.** In addition, an alternate loading condition (i.e., deck live load = 60 psf, deck dead load = 10 psf) required by some jurisdictions is shown.
- **5.4.** Where the application exceeds the limitations set forth herein, design shall be permitted in accordance with accepted engineering procedures, experience and technical judgment.

	Loading	2x Nominal	Dim Inint	Maximum Deck Joist Spans (ft.)							
	Condition	Ledger	Rim Joist Material	Up to 6'	Up to 8'	Up to 10'	Up to 12'	Up to 14'	Up to 16'	Up to 18'	
	(Live Load, psf) Species		Material	Maximum	On-Center	Spacing of	LedgerLO	<™ Ledger	Board Faste	eners (in.)	
		HF/SPF	2x Nominal Sawn Lumber	20	15	12	10	8	7	6	
	40 HF/5PF	1" min EWP	25	19	15	12	10	9	8		
	40	DF/SP	Nominal Sawn Lumber	24	18	14	12	10	9	8	
		טר/סר	1" min EWP	25	19	15	12	10	9	8	
	60	HF/SPF	2x Nominal Sawn Lumber	14	11	8	7	6	5	4	
		ПГ/ЗРГ	1" min EWP	18	13	10	9	7	6	6	
		DF/SP	Nominal Sawn Lumber	17	13	10	8	7	6	5	
		טר/סף	1" min EWP	18	13	10	9	7	6	6	

^{1.} Based on load duration of 1.0. Spacing may be adjusted by the applicable load duration as specified in NDS 2012.

Table 2: LedgerLOK™ Fastener Spacing for Items in IRC Table 507.2 & Other Materials & Loading Conditions

5.5. When installed in accordance with the spacing requirements of <u>Table 2</u>, LedgerLOK[™] Ledger Board Fasteners provide equivalent performance to <u>IRC Table R507.9.1.3(1)</u>.

6. Installation:

- **6.1.** Installation shall comply with the manufacturer's installation instructions and this TER. In the event of a conflict between the manufacturer's installation instructions and this TER, the more restrictive shall govern
- 6.2. Choose a 3³/₈" or 5" LedgerLOK™ Ledger Board Fastener so that the threads fully engage the rim material and the fastener tip extends beyond the back face of the rim material when fully seated against the installed ledger.
- **6.3.** Using a high-torque, ½" variable-speed drill (18V if cordless), drive the fasteners through the ledger and sheathing. Continue into the rim joist until the built-in washer head is drawn firm and flush to the ledger board. Do not overdrive.

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^{2.} Fasteners are required to have full thread penetration into the main member. Excess fastener length extending beyond the main member is not reflected in the table above.

^{3.} Solid sawn band joists shall be HF, SPF, DF-L or SP species, designed by others.

^{4.} Fastener spacing is based on tested loads. The design values use the lesser of a 1/8" deflection or a factor of safety equivalent to or greater than that of the code compliant lag screw application as defined in Figure 2.

^{5.} Fasteners shall be staggered from the top to the bottom along the length of the ledger while maintaining the required edge and end distances shown in Figure 2.

^{6.} A maximum ½" structural sheathing may be installed between the ledger and the band joist.

^{7.} Table values assume 10 psf dead load.

- **6.4.** Figure 2 shows a detail of the LedgerLOK™ Ledger Board Fastener deck connection, including minimum edge and end distances.
- **6.5.** Stagger the fasteners from the top to the bottom along the length of the ledger while maintaining the required edge and end distances.

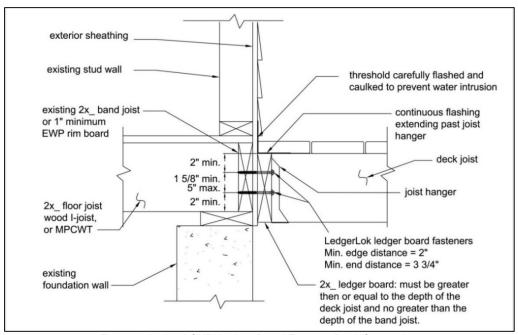


Figure 2: LedgerLOK™ Ledger Board Fastener Deck Connection

6.6. For applications outside the scope of this TER, an engineered design is required.

7. Test and Engineering Substantiating Data:

- **7.1.** Testing conducted by the SBC Research Institute (SBCRI) under contract with Qualtim, Inc. for OMG; *SBCRI-12-0101*; Final report date: March 23, 2012.
- 7.2. DCA 6, Prescriptive Residential Wood Deck Construction Guide; AF&PA; 2010.
- **7.3.** Proprietary testing conducted by Washington State University for OMG; Final report date: August 4, 2005.
- 7.4. FastenMaster Technical Bulletin; LedgerLOK™ Ledger Board Fastener, 2011.
- **7.5.** The product(s) evaluated by this TER fall within the scope of one or more of the model, state or local building codes for building construction. The testing and/or substantiating data used in this TER is limited to buildings, structures, building elements, construction materials and civil engineering related specifically to buildings.
- 7.6. The provisions of model, state or local building codes for building construction do not intend to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any design or method of construction. Alternatives shall use consensus standards, performance-based design methods or other engineering mechanics based means of compliance. This TER assesses compliance with defined standards, accepted engineering analysis, performance-based design methods, etc. in the context of the pertinent building code requirements.
- **7.7.** Some information contained herein is the result of testing and/or data analysis by other sources, which DrJ relies on to be accurate, as it undertakes its engineering analysis.
- **7.8.** DrJ has reviewed and found the data provided by other professional sources are credible. The information in this TER conforms with DrJ's procedure for acceptance of data from approved sources.
- **7.9.** DrJ's responsibility for data provided by approved sources conforms with <u>IBC Section 1703</u> and any relevant professional engineering law.

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7.10. Where appropriate, DrJ relies on the derivation of design values, which have been codified into law through codes and standards (e.g., *IRC*, *WFCM*, *IBC*, *SDPWS*, *NDS*, *ACI*, *AISI*, *PS-20*, *PS-2*, etc.). This includes review of code provisions and any related test data that aids in comparative analysis or provides support for equivalency to an intended end-use application. Where the accuracy of design values provided herein is reliant upon the published properties of commodity materials (e.g. lumber, steel, concrete, etc.), DrJ relies upon grade/properties provided by the raw material supplier to be accurate and conforming to the mechanical properties defined in the relevant material standard.

8. Findings:

- **8.1.** When used in accordance with this TER and the <u>manufacturer's installation instructions</u>, FastenMaster LedgerLOK™ Ledger Board Fasteners are a suitable alternative to the requirements of the <u>IRC Section R507.9</u> and <u>IBC Section 1604.8.3</u>.
- 8.2. IBC Section 104.11 (IRC Section R104.11 and IFC Section 104.9 are similar) states:
 - **104.11 Alternative materials, design and methods of construction and equipment.** The provisions of this code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any design or method of construction not specifically prescribed by this code, provided that any such alternative has been *approved*. An alternative material, design or method of construction shall be *approved* where the *building official* finds that the proposed design is satisfactory and complies with the intent of the provisions of this code, and that the material, method or work offered is, for the purpose intended, not less than the equivalent of that prescribed in this code. ... Where the alternative material, design or method of construction is not *approved*, the *building official* shall respond in writing, stating the reasons the alternative was not *approved*.
- **8.3.** This product has been evaluated with the codes listed in <u>Section 2</u>, and is compliant with all known state and local building codes. Where there are known variations in state or local codes that are applicable to this evaluation, they are listed here:
 - 8.3.1. No known variations
- **8.4.** This TER uses professional engineering law, the building code, ANSI/ASTM consensus standards and generally accepted engineering practice as its criteria for all testing and engineering analysis. DrJ's professional engineering work falls under the jurisdiction of each state Board of Professional Engineers, when signed and sealed.

9. Conditions of Use:

- **9.1.** Where required by the authority having jurisdiction (AHJ) in which the project is to be constructed, this TER and the installation instructions shall be submitted at the time of permit application.
- **9.2.** Any generally accepted engineering calculations needed to show compliance with this TER shall be submitted to the code official for review and approval.
- **9.3.** Design loads shall be determined in accordance with the building code adopted by the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed and/or by the Building Designer (e.g., Owner, Registered Design Professional, etc.).
- **9.4.** LedgerLOK[™] fasteners covered by this TER shall be installed in accordance with this report and the manufacturer's installation instructions.
- **9.5.** LedgerLOK[™] fastener spacing shall not exceed <u>Table 2</u> for code compliance and the installation conditions considered.
- **9.6.** For conditions not covered in this TER, connections shall be designed in accordance with generally accepted engineering practice.
- **9.7.** Manufacturer's installation instructions shall be followed as provided in <u>Section 6</u> and at http://www.fastenmaster.com/product-details/ledgerlok-ledger-board-fastener.html.
- **9.8.** LedgerLOK[™] fasteners are produced by OMG, Inc.'s facility located in Agawam, Massachusetts.
- **9.9.** LedgerLOK[™] fasteners are produced under a quality control program subject to periodic inspections in accordance with *IBC* Section 1703.5.2.

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9.10. Design

- 9.10.1. Building Designer Responsibility
 - 9.10.1.1. Unless the AHJ allows otherwise, the Construction Documents shall be prepared by a Building Designer for the Building and shall be in accordance with <u>IRC Section R106</u> and <u>IBC Section 107</u>.
 - 9.10.1.2. The Construction Documents shall be accurate and reliable and shall provide the location, direction and magnitude of all applied loads and shall be in accordance with <u>IRC Section R301</u> and <u>IBC Section 1603</u>.
- 9.10.2. Construction Documents
 - **9.10.2.1.** Construction Documents shall be submitted to the Building Official for approval and shall contain the plans, specifications and details needed for the Building Official to approve such documents.

9.11. Responsibilities

- **9.11.1.** The information contained herein is a product, material, detail, design and/or application TER evaluated in accordance with the referenced building codes, testing and/or analysis through the use of accepted engineering practice, experience and technical judgment.
- **9.11.2.** DrJ TERs provide an assessment of only those attributes specifically addressed in the Products Evaluated or Code Compliance Process Evaluated sections.
- **9.11.3.** The engineering evaluation was performed on the dates provided in this TER, within DrJ's professional scope of work.
- **9.11.4.** This product is manufactured under a third-party quality control program in accordance with <u>IRC Section R104.4</u> and <u>R109.2</u> and <u>IBC Section 104.4</u> and <u>110.4</u>.
- **9.11.5.** The actual design, suitability and use of this TER, for any particular building, is the responsibility of the Owner or the Owner's authorized agent, and the TER shall be reviewed for code compliance by the Building Official.
- **9.11.6.** The use of this TER is dependent on the manufacturer's in-plant QC, the ISO/IEC 17020 third-party quality assurance program and procedures, proper installation per the manufacturer's instructions, the Building Official's inspection and any other code requirements that may apply to demonstrate and verify compliance with the applicable building code.

10. Identification:

- **10.1.** The LedgerLOK[™] fasteners described in this TER are identified by a label on the board or packaging material bearing the manufacturer's name, product name, TER number, and other information to confirm code compliance.
- 10.2. Additional technical information can be found at fastenmaster.com.

11. Review Schedule:

- **11.1.** This TER is subject to periodic review and revision. For the most recent version of this TER, visit drjengineering.org.
- 11.2. For information on the current status of this TER, contact DrJ Engineering.



- Mission and Professional Responsibilities
- Product Evaluation Policies
- Product Approval Building Code, Administrative Law and P.E. Law

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Appendix A: Code Requirements for Ledger Attachments

For guidance on designing the connection of the deck ledger to trusses where a band joist is not used, see SBCA's Tech Note, *Attachment of Residential Deck Ledger to Metal Pate Connected Wood Truss Floor System.*

- 1. <u>IRC Section R507.8</u>⁶ contains the following code requirements (<u>IBC Section 1604.8.3</u> is similar):
 - **1.1.** Where supported by attachment to an exterior wall, decks shall be positively anchored to the primary structure and designed for both vertical and lateral loads.
 - **1.1.1.** Attachment shall not be accomplished by the use of toenails or nails subject to withdrawal.
- 2. <u>IRC Section R507.9.1</u> details how vertical loads shall be transferred to band joists with ledgers:
 - **2.1.** *IRC* Section R507.9.1.1

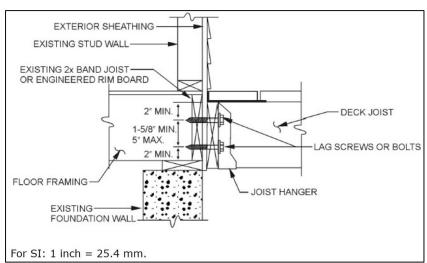
Deck ledgers shall be a minimum 2-inch by 8-inch (51 mm by 203 mm) nominal, pressure-preservative-treated Southern pine, incised pressure-preservative-treated hem-fir, or approved, naturally durable, No. 2 grade or better lumber...

2.2. IRC Section R507.9.1.2

Band joists supporting a ledger shall be a minimum 2-inch-nominal (51 mm), spruce-pine-fir or better lumber or a minimum 1-inch by 9½-inch (25 mm x 241 mm) dimensional, Douglas fir or better, laminated veneer lumber. Band joists shall bear fully on the primary structure capable of supporting all required loads.

2.3. *IRC* Section R507.9.1.3⁷

Fasteners used in deck ledger connections in accordance with Table R507.9.1.3(1) shall be hot-dipped galvanized or stainless steel and shall be installed in accordance with Table R507.9.1.3(2) and Figures R507.9.1.3(1) and R507.9.1.3(2).



IRC FIGURE R507.9.1.3(2):
PLACEMENT OF LAG SCREWS AND BOLTS IN BAND JOISTS

2.4. Tables R507.9.1.3(1) and R507.9.1.3(2)8 cover the placement of lag screws or bolts in deck ledgers:

The tip of the lag screw shall fully extend beyond the inside face of the band joist

Lag screws or bolts shall be staggered from the top to the bottom along the horizontal run of the deck ledger in accordance with Figure R507.9.1.3(1)

The minimum distance from bottom row of lag screws or bolts to the top edge of the ledger shall be in accordance with Figure R507.9.1.3(1).

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^{6 2012} IRC Section R507.1, 2015 IRC Section R507.1

⁷ <u>2012 IRC Section R507.2</u>, <u>2015 IRC Section R507.2</u>

^{8 2012} IRC Section R507.2.1, 2015 IRC Table R507.2.1, Figure R507.2.1(1) and Figure R507.2.1(2)

	JOIST SPAN								
CONNECTION DETAILS	6' and less	6'1" to 8'	8'1" to 10'	10'1" to 12'	12'1" to 14'	14'1" to 16'	16'1" to 18'		
	On-center spacing of fasteners								
¹ / ₂ -inch diameter lag screw with ¹ / ₂ -inch maximum sheathing ^{c, d}	30	23	18	15	13	11	10		
$^{1}\!/_{2}$ -inch diameter bolt with $^{1}\!/_{2}$ -inch maximum sheathing d	36	36	34	29	24	21	19		
1/2-inch diameter bolt with 1-inch maximum sheathing ^e	36	36	29	24	21	18	16		

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa.

- a. Ledgers shall be flashed in accordance with Section R703.4 to prevent water from contacting the house band joist
- b. Snow load shall not be assumed to act concurrently with live load.
- c. The tip of the lag screw shall fully extend beyond the inside face of the band joist.
- d. Sheathing shall be wood structural panel or solid sawn lumber.
- e. Sheathing shall be permitted to be wood structural panel, gypsum board, fiberboard, lumber or foam sheathing. Up to ½-inch thickness of stacked washers shall be permitted to substitute for up to ½-inch of allowable sheathing thickness where combined with wood structural panel or lumber sheathing.

TABLE 507.9.1.3(1):

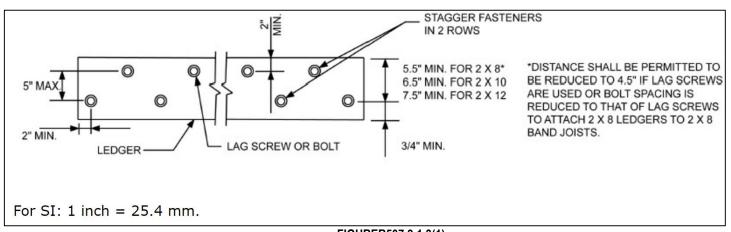
DECK LEDGER CONNECTION TO BAND JOISTa,b (Deck live load = 40 psf, deck dead load = 10 psf, snow load ≤40 psf)

MINIMUM END AND EDGE DISTANCES AND SPACING BETWEEN ROWS								
	TOP EDGE BOTTOM EDGE ENDS ROW SPACING							
Ledger ^a	2 inches ^d	³ / ₄ inch	2 inches ^b	1 ⁵ / ₈ inches ^b				
Band Joist ^c	3/ ₄ inch	2 inches	2 inches ^b	1 ⁵ / ₈ inches ^b				

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

- a. Lag screws or bolts shall be staggered from the top to the bottom along the horizontal run of the deck ledger in accordance with Figure R507.9.1.3(1).
- b. Maximum 5 inches
- c. For engineered rim joists, the manufacturer's recommendations shall govern.
- d. The minimum distance from bottom row of lag screws or bolts to the top edge of the ledger shall be in accordance with Figure R507.9.1.3(1).

TABLE 507.9.1.3(2): PLACEMENT OF LAG SCREWS AND BOLTS IN DECK LEDGERS AND BAND JOISTS)



FIGURER507.9.1.3(1): PLACEMENT OF LAG SCREWS AND BOLTS IN LEDGERS

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Appendix B: Testing Procedure and Methodology

- 1. To determine the strength and load-deflection performance of the fasteners in a ledger connection, a two-joist assembly with connection of a ledger to a rim board was created. Load was applied to the joists, which transferred load to the ledger via hangers. String potentiometers were placed along the bottom of the ledger to measure vertical deflection during the test, while a load cell attached to an actuator measured load applied. The rim board was fixed to prevent deflection and rotation during the test. To limit the variability, the comparison product was tested simultaneously with the FastenMaster LedgerLOK™ with ledgers and rim boards cut congruently from the same piece of lumber. Immediately after testing, a section was cut near each fastener location to determine the moisture content and oven-dry specific gravity of each piece of lumber.
- 2. The performance of the code defined lag screw connection was then compared to the performance of the LedgerLOK™ Ledger Board Fasteners in the ledger application built per the code requirements.
 - **2.1.** Testing was undertaken to directly compare fastener performance using matched lumber specimen testing where the FastenMaster LedgerLOK™ Ledger Board Fastener was tested side by side with ½" diameter lag screws (see Figure 3 and Photo 1).

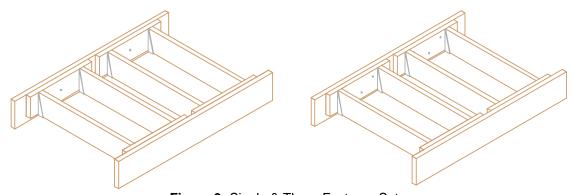


Figure 3: Single & Three-Fastener Setups



Photo 1: Matched Lumber Specimen Testing of LedgerLOK™ Ledger Board Fastener & 1/2" Lag Screw

2.1.2. The testing and resulting analysis define comparative performance and the design parameters required for the LedgerLOK[™] to be considered an equivalent alternative to the specified fasteners required by the building code in accordance with the provisions of *IRC* Section R104.11 and *IBC* Section 104.11.

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